

CLASS VI  
Formative Assessment-2  
SUBJECT-HISTORY (2013-14)  
ASSIGNMENT NO 10

Chapter 1- What Where How and When?

Q-1 Define the following terms:

History, Prehistory, Historians, Food gatherer, Archaeology, Script, Inscription, Source, Manuscript, Monuments, Literary source, Archaeologist.

Q-2 Give the full form of the following:

B.C., A.D., C.E., B.C.E., B.P.

Q-3 What are the various sources to study the past?

Q-4 Who were the gatherers? Where were they found?

Q-5 a) Name the river, where early man lived several thousand years ago?

b) Indicate the regions, where early man started producing food or doing Farming for the first time?

Q-6 When and where the early cities found?

Q-7 what is the origin of the word 'INDIA'?

Q-8 Give the appropriate dates for:-

a) The beginning of agriculture-

b) The first cities on the Indus-

Q-9 List the major difference between manuscripts and inscriptions?

Q-10 how did the movements of people enrich our cultural traditions?

Q-11 which is the oldest Veda? Name the four Vedas and the two epics of ancient India.

Q-12 Name the languages used in writing manuscripts by the people.

Q-13 what are the two kinds of literary sources?

Q-14 Fill in the blanks with suitable words:

a) The stanch sputa are an example of a \_\_\_\_\_.

b) The Vedas are regarded as \_\_\_\_\_ literature.

c) \_\_\_\_\_ is both archaeological and literary source.

d) Prakrit is an ancient \_\_\_\_\_.

